

**THE FREE LANCE** published tri-weekly as an independent newspaper, located at 26 Commerce (or William) st., Fredericksburg, Virginia, and is issued on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings by "The Free Lance Newspaper, Book and Job Printing Company of Fredericksburg, Virginia."

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All letters recommending candidates for office must be paid for to insure their publication.

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All communications of every character should be addressed to "THE FREE LANCE," Fredericksburg, Va.

**Weather forecast for Fredericksburg and vicinity.**

Fair Thursday, with rising temperature; variable winds.

The report of Labor Commissioner Montague, published elsewhere, is interesting as far as it goes. It strikes the Free Lance that it would be a good thing if Mr. Montague's office was broadened into a statistical bureau, for that is what it seems to be, only that as yet it applies to labor matters alone.

A syndicate letter was published in many of the leading papers, on Sunday last, describing the marriage of American girls, and American women (widows) to European husbands. In most instances it is but too palpable that the consideration, on the one part and the other, was an exchange of money for title. This is a sad commentary on the plea of our American Republic that merit is the base of all our true worth. In the last thirty years (since the civil war) one hundred and seven millions of dollars have been paid by American parents for the espousal of their daughters to European husbands who had the titles of nobility. What title of nobility is equal to that of a free-born son of this great country of ours, who, by native force of character, and exemplary morals and assiduous industry, works his way to the front in the confidence of his countrymen? None, none, whatever.

These reflections have been suggested by the letter referred to, describing the marriage of American girls to European noblemen. This letter gives the names and family connections, of the American women who, in the last twenty-five years have married the sons of nobility in the old world. The aggregate of money they have taken from the United States to Europe, in exchange of democratic dollars for European aristocracy, is the enormous sum of one hundred and sixty-six millions of dollars (\$166,000,000).

During the Presidential canvass of 1896 Mr. A. J. Montague, the Attorney General of the State, delivered a speech in Lynchburg which the writer of this editorial happened to hear. He adverted to this humiliating tendency of wealthy Northern men to sell their daughters to worthless sprigs of European houses of nobility—an exchange of money for title. It was a splendid outburst of spontaneous eloquence; the most animated and spirited the writer had ever heard before, or has heard since. It is seldom that one hears a genuine orator. The imitators are as innumerable as the sands on the seashore. Within the memory of living man there have been as many orators in Virginia as in any other State of this country, and perhaps as many as in any other country.

Henry A. Wise was the most notable orator, on the public hustings, whose deliverances have come down to the present generation. His great speech in the canvass—the "Know-Nothing canvass" of 1855 was one of the most brilliant forensic efforts that ever irradiated the firmament of oratory. Nothing like it was ever heard in Virginia that approached the scintillations of John Randolph, or the sublime rhetoric of Daniel Webster in his famous "October Sun" speech from the porch of the Capitol at Richmond, in the memorable canvass of 1840. Shall we have such orators in the future? No elaboration by the midnight lamp can produce true oratory. It must come unbidden; the outburst of unpremeditated fervor and feeling. Where on the page of history, ancient or modern, or the record of contemporaneous events afford a theme for the effulgent blaze of indignant oratory equal to this of the bargain and sale of American daughters to the titled sons of European nobility? Never was this sordid and mercenary traffic worked up to a higher pitch of angry indignation and scorn than by the powerful portrayal of Mr. Montague in his speech in Lynchburg in the canvass of 1896. It is a great privilege to hear such efforts. But the privilege is rare, because the occasions and the opportunities are rare.

A new development in the political situation in Alabama has taken place that is of national interest and importance. Hon. William C. Oates, former Governor and Congressman, has announced himself a candidate for the Senate for the term beginning March, 1901. Senator Morgan's term expires at that time, so Gen. Oates and Morgan will be pitted against each other in what promises to be one of the most noted Senatorial contests that has ever occurred in Alabama politics.

The Pan-American Alliance met in Washington yesterday. About 250 delegates, from all parts of the world, are in attendance.

**Pension Frauds.**  
A letter to the New York Times from Washington, D. C., Ohio, signed "An Old Soldier," says:  
"Yesterday sixteen old soldiers were seen on a corner in our city and every one of them drunk. They (the sixteen) never do a day's work, swear to one another's pension papers, and when they get pensions they get and stay 'drunk as lords,' as long as their pension money lasts, while their wives wash to keep the family in fuel and provisions. Now, who is to blame? Pension laws are too lax."

"Yesterday I got a letter from an old soldier who served two years, and was never out of Ohio, and he wanted me to make an affidavit to enable him to get an increase of pension. He wanted me to swear I knew of him having piles and chronic diarrhea. He was a corporal in the same company with me. He never did a day's duty excepting as a 'corporal,' yet thirty-four years afterward wants me to swear to his affliction. I have not seen him since we were discharged, July 3, 1863. Another case of another man in the same company and regiment: I saw in the papers some six months ago that his pension had just been increased from \$17 to \$24 a month. When we left the army the last-mentioned man had never been sick with his knowledge. I lived in the same company with him for twenty years and never heard of his being sick. He was the finest specimen of physical manhood to be found in his township. He was never out of the State as a soldier, had good clothes, good barracks to live in, and as good provisions as possible for a soldier to have, and yet he is getting nearly a dollar a day pension."

"When we are between fifty and sixty years old the infirmities of life begin to show up, and we guess 'twas our soldier life that was the cause of it, and immediately apply for a pension or an increase of pension. I know a dozen cases just as doubtful as the above. I am a Republican. I never held any office; I never tried to get one, but I do believe the 'party in power' should purge the pension rolls of all such as are proved frauds. Let all honest men stand together for the good of the American Government, and if any one is reported as a fraud, let him submit to re-examination, and, if not entitled to it, let it be taken away from him."

"One of our pension examiners has been at me at least four times to apply for a pension, saying: 'I can get you a good big one.' I can give names of all the above if you think necessary."

**South Atlantic Station Not Fit to be a Flag Officer's Command.**

A Washington dispatch to the N. Y. Herald says: Friends of Admiral Schley find in an official report made to the Navy Department by Rear Admiral J. G. Walker, now chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission, some cogent reasons for opposing the execution of the orders assigning him to command the South Atlantic station. Schley, however, seems happy in the thought of again going to sea. Admiral Walker in his report says:  
"I venture to repeat the recommendation, which I have previously made to the department, that this station should cease to be a flag officer's command. The duties are inadequate to a flag officer's rank and position, and the expense is unnecessary. The new vessel of our navy can be more economically maintained and can render better service elsewhere."

"I would recommend keeping a small vessel of light draught, preferably a special service vessel, in the River Platte, and sending once a year a vessel from the North Atlantic Squadron to this coast, thence to the Cape of Good Hope, up along the east coast of Africa and back home through the Suez Canal and the Mediterranean, occupying a year in the cruise. Round trips of this kind would have many advantages, would perform efficiently the cruising service required in time of peace, and would involve only the absence of one ship at a time from the home surroundings."

**Lentz Calls Roosevelt a Liar.**

Congressman John J. Lentz has made the following reply to Gov. Roosevelt's charge in his Akron speech that Lentz expressed in his speech at New York recently a fervent wish for Aguirre's success:  
"When Gov. Roosevelt said today at Akron that Congressman Lentz the other day expressed fervent hopes for the success of Aguirre, and therefore for the ruin of the American army, he was guilty of threefold indecency."

"First—He comes into Ohio with a lie in his mouth against me upon which he bases his argument in favor of imperialism."

"Second—He proves himself worse than a demagogue in not being able to make a plausible argument without resorting to falsehoods."

"And third—He could do better in staying at home and bringing the \$9,000,000 canal thieves of his own political party to trial and conviction and thus make good some of his promises when he ran as a reform candidate for Governor of New York."

"I expressed no hope for Aguirre's success, nor for the ruin of the American army, and Roosevelt knew as much."

"What I expressed was a quotation from the language of John Sherman when he said: 'Our war in the Philippines is unnecessary, uncalled for and unjust.' It is evident from this round robin from John Sherman, as well as those from Andrew Carnegie, Senators Mason and Hoar, Buntwell and Edmunds and other Republicans that many good citizens think there is some justice on the side of those fighting for liberty in the Philippines."

# Bryan's Nebraska Campaign.

The first week of W. J. Bryan's campaign in Nebraska closed last Saturday. He has addressed nearly six thousand people in twelve counties in northwestern, eastern and south central Nebraska. His audiences everywhere have been large and cordial.

At Saturday's meeting Mr. Bryan's hearers numbered 4,000. In all his addresses there are four issues to which Mr. Bryan devotes almost equal attention—the income tax, free silver, trusts and imperialism. He dwells rather more fully on the latter, because, as he says, "it presents an issue new to the American people." Abraham Lincoln furnished the inspiration of the speech Saturday.

"I want to tell you," shouted Mr. Bryan, "that in the next eighteen months we will quote more from Abraham Lincoln than the Republicans have done in all the last fifteen years."

The speaker's bitter indictment of President McKinley's foreign policy contained many liberal quotations from Lincoln:

"The bulwark of our nation's safety," quoted Mr. Bryan from Lincoln, "lies not in its fortresses or in its navy, but in the spirit which recognizes the heritages of men in all lands, everywhere. Destroy it and you have planted the seeds of despotism at your own doors. Accustomed to trample on the rights of others, you have lost the genius of your own independence and become the fit subjects of the first coming tyrant who rises among us."

"I wouldn't trade the history of this nation as a Republic," cried Mr. Bryan, "for all the histories of all the empires that have risen and fallen since time began."

It took but a few words for Bryan to settle the Republican disclaimer of the term "imperialism." He quoted from the New York Sun, Administration organ, a report of a Fourth of July celebration on the part of Americans in London, which said: "Imperialism was the keynote of the evening. Every speech was imperialistic and the spirit of imperialism aroused the greatest degree of enthusiasm ever witnessed at a gathering of Americans in London."

Mr. Bryan showed that to annex contiguous, homogeneous territory to be inhabited by Americans and become an integral portion of the Union of States is expansion, but to cross an ocean to conquer an alien people to be held as subjects and governed by the doctrine of might is imperialism.

The Republican plea that the President must not be criticized he shattered with this sentence: "If I had been elected in 1860, and had proceeded to trample on the Declaration of Independence and carry on a war of conquest for the greed of gain, there is not a Republican in Nebraska who would have refrained from crying out and denouncing me as a traitor to my country."

Mr. Bryan pointed out that while the Republicans of Nebraska had endorsed the President's demand for a standing army of 100,000 men, knowing as they must that a colonial policy demands a big army, and that imperialism's twin is militarism.

He told how thirteen and a half millions of voters voted for bimetalism, while but 150,000 voted for Palmer and Buckner, the only candidates that ever ran on a platform declaring for the gold standard.

**The Olympia at Hampton.**

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 26.—The North Atlantic Squadron will escort the flagship Olympia to Hampton Roads next week. This was ordered by the Navy Department at the earnest suggestion of the Norfolk committee, which suggested to President McKinley the fitness of having the famous cruiser follow Admiral Dewey and anchor in the deep water nearest the Capital, the welcoming home squadron accompanying her.

Thousands of visitors are expected at Norfolk and Old Point Comfort to see the Olympia, as well as the ships of the North Atlantic Squadron, all war-worn heroes. This is the home squadron's first visit to the Hampton Roads rendezvous since the battle of Santiago, and its coming is scarcely less of an event than that of the Olympia. Admiral Paraguar, commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard, will probably raise his flag on the New York as commander of the fleet while the squadron is here, succeeding Admiral Sampson, who goes to Boston Navy Yard the week after.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Allen tonight said that the squadron will be in Hampton Roads between the 2nd and 8th of October.

The occasion is to be made a grand holiday.

**Brave Men Fall.**

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, of Idaho, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and doesn't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at M. M. Lewis' Drug Store. Every bottle guaranteed.

**Delegates to Farmers' Congress.**

Gov. Tyler has appointed the following delegates to the National Farmers' Congress, which convenes in Boston on October 3, one delegate from each Congressional district and two at large: First, H. B. Laylor, Loretto; second, Dr. J. F. Bryant, Franklin; third, J. R. Shells, Chesterfield; fourth, John D. Watkins, Ebony; fifth, W. S. Redd, Ridgeway; sixth, W. J. Shelburne, Montgomery county; seventh, Capt. J. C. Neff, Mount Jackson; eighth, O. W. Alderd, Meadow View; ninth, W. A. Crawford, Swoops; at large, Col. W. B. Bowman, of Salem, and Hon. Henry Fairfax, of Fairfax.

**Their Business Booming.**

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at M. M. Lewis' drug store as their giving away to their many customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable remedy, from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all throat and lung diseases are quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free. Large size 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle warranted.

# NORTHAMPTON TRAGEDY.

A Girl of 18 and Her Betrayer Both Commit Suicide.

Cape Charles, Va., Sept. 26.—Miss Sallie Dixon, aged 18, daughter of Mr. Thomas Dixon, one of the largest and most prominent farmers in this county, committed suicide yesterday by taking strychnine.

When the poison had begun to tell her she called her parents and told them of her condition, and named Mr. W. H. Goffigon, a neighboring farmer, as the man who had accomplished her ruin. She was betrayed under promise of marriage. She died twenty minutes after telling her story, and before medical assistance could be summoned.

When Mr. Goffigon heard of the suicide, yesterday afternoon, he told his brother, who was at work with him, that he also would end his life before morning. No attention was paid to the threat, and he was advised to remain at home and surrender to the constable, who had been notified. But about night, when his people discovered that he had left the premises, a search was made. They found his dead body in a small inlet about three miles from his home. A rope had been fastened tightly around his neck and one end tied to a post on the shore, presumably to prevent his body from being taken out into deep water after death.

Goffigon was 28 years of age, and was a prosperous farmer, and was very much respected in this community.

The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It also heals the injured parts more quickly than any other treatment, and without the burn is very severe, does not leave a scar. For sale by M. M. Lewis, druggist.

# DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

Five Contested Nominations to Be Disposed Of.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 27.—Chairman Ellyson expects a full attendance at the meeting of the State committee to be held here Thursday. The executive committee of ten will meet with the State committee. The session promises to be a long and interesting one. There will be at least five contested hearings. Mr. Ellyson has received letters requesting him to lay before the committee for adjustment the differences that have arisen in late of Wight, Charlott, Shenandoah, and Lancaster. These cases all involve the local party organization, and upon the decisions reached depend four house and one senate nomination. It is expected that both sides in each case will be represented, and if this is the case, the meeting will bring to Richmond many prominent Democrats. The politicians will begin to arrive tonight. Secretary Britton is already here.

**Effort for Democratic Harmony in Richmond and Lancaster.**

Warsaw, Va., Sept. 27.—At a meeting of the Democratic committee of Richmond county, held at this place yesterday, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, the Democratic convention which assembled at Downings on the 16th instant for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the House of Delegates for the counties of Lancaster and Richmond, made no nomination, thus leaving the party in said legislative district without a candidate; it is hereby

"Resolved, 1. That in order to promote harmony in the ranks of the party and to bring about the nomination of a Democratic candidate from the aforesaid counties, who will command the united support of the party, the Democratic committee of Lancaster county is hereby requested to appoint a committee, to be composed of three of its members, to meet and confer with a like committee, for the purpose of making such an agreement and taking such action as may enable the Democrats of these two counties to nominate a candidate."

"2. In the event that the committees herein provided for shall fail to arrive at any agreement or conclusions within the spirit or intent of these resolutions, it is the sense of this committee that the State Central Democratic Committee, shall forthwith be appealed to, and requested to take cognizance of the matter, and reconvene the delegates to the Downing convention with a view to the naming of a Democratic candidate by a legally constituted convention duly assembled for that purpose."

**Red Hot From the Sun.**

was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused hemorrhoids that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Backlen's Anus Salve cured him. Cures Oint, Brains, Burs, Boils, Pelons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by M. M. Lewis, Druggist.

**Miss Gould's Contribution.**

New York, Sept. 26.—Miss Helen Gould has given \$1,250 toward the Dewey Home Fund, of which \$750 was sent to the committee at Washington and \$500 to the New York committee.

In the hustings court of Portsmouth Judge Watts sentenced Walter Cotton, colored, to be hanged November 17 for the murder of Mr. Wyatt a few weeks ago. Alexander Tate, another colored man, is to die the same day for murder. The Supreme Court will be appealed to in each case.

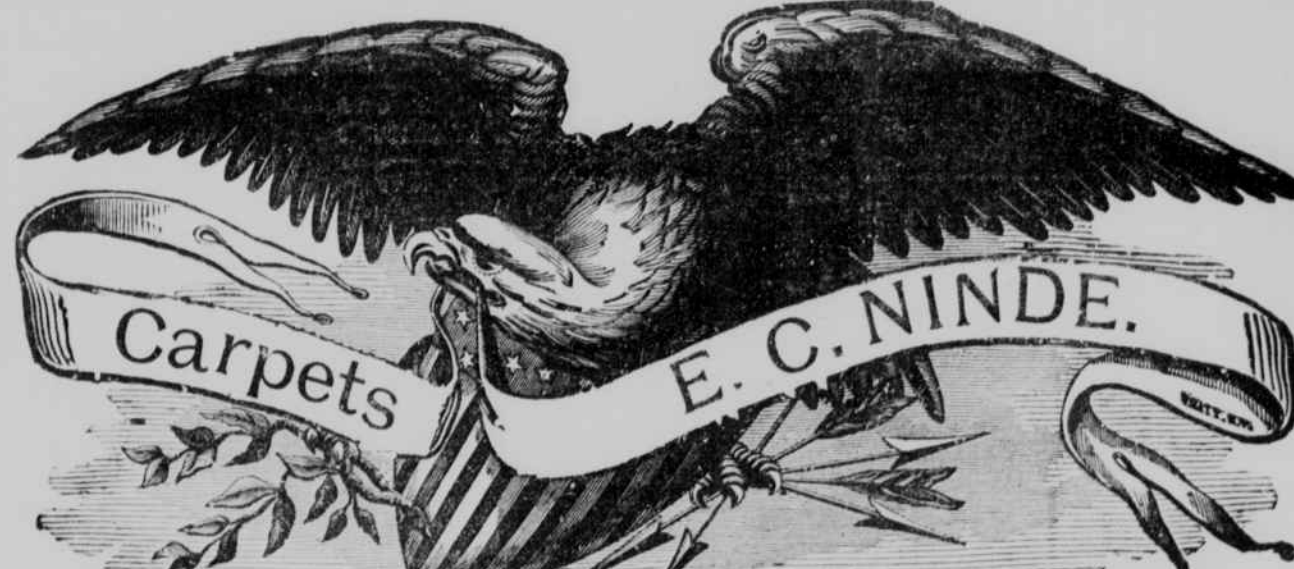
Gen. Stinnie Bolling has appointed Miss Nannie J. Maclin sponsor and Miss Celeste Staples, maid of honor, to the grand camp of Confederate Veterans, at Pulaski, October 11, 12, 13, and both have accepted. Miss Maclin is a daughter of Mr. John Henry Maclin, a prominent tobacco merchant of Petersburg, and a most attractive young lady. Miss Staples, the maid of honor, is a daughter of Mr. E. A. Staples, of Lunenburg county.

Dewey Celebration, Washington, October 2nd and 3rd.

Round trip tickets will be sold September 30th and October 1st, for \$2.00, to return until October 7th, at \$2.20. On October 1st and 2nd round trip tickets will be sold good to return until October 4th, at \$1.00.

Tickets good going only on date of sale, and for continuous passage in each direction. O. O. Cox, Agent.

# Art Square.



A Line of High Grade Goods never shown here before. ORIENTAL DESIGNS. BEAUTIFUL COLORINGS.

# Tappahannock Fair.

THE FARMERS AND THE IMPLEMENTS FACE TO FACE.

The Ladies Show Their Splendid Exhibits. The Baby Show. The Racing and the Stock Departments. Not Equal to Former Years. The Exhibitions. However, a Success, etc., etc.

Tappahannock, Va., Sept. 25, 1899. Wednesday, the first day of the long anticipated, and much talked of Fair, opened upon the people of Tappahannock with the sky lowering and thickly overcast with clouds. During Tuesday evening and night the rain had fallen in torrents, and while the clouds gradually lifted, and the sun came out as the morning of Wednesday advanced, it was too late to draw the crowds, and in point of numbers, the day was a dismal failure; hardly over 250 pay visitors having passed through the gates.

The second day was preceded by another night of storm and rain, but about sunrise the clouds lifted, and promise of a bright day set the people all astir. A little after nine o'clock the people began to pour through the gates, and by one o'clock the largest crowd of paying visitors ever gathered in the history of the Fair, had assembled.

The Exhibition Hall was the first place of attraction. On the lower floor was displayed the agricultural produce proper, and here might be seen some exhibits of corn, wheat, oats, fodder, and all kinds of vegetables, which would have done credit to any section of our State, in quality, certainly if not in quantity. Here also was the display of poultry, showing unmistakably that our people are waking up to the importance of improving their stock, and are introducing into their poultry yards some of the best and most improved breeds of the country. Along this line Mr. J. T. Green secured quite a number of premiums, and deserves special mention for his public spirit and enterprise.

On this first floor also, Mr. Caulfield, the gentlemanly agent of the firm of Sanders & Stayman, had an attractive display of musical instruments, and constantly through the hours of each day, he "discussed sweet music" to the delight of the constant stream of people, as they passed to and fro.

Here also that young and most wide-awake firm, of your city, Messrs. W. A. Bell & Bro., had a most attractive display of furniture and household articles generally. Their display added greatly to the interest and attracted warm commendations from the lips of many an admiring observer.

On the second floor of this hall were arranged the work of woman's deft hands. It was a bewildering display of things both useful and beautiful. This department was decidedly the feature of this building, and demonstrated that the daughters of Essex, noted for their charms of manner, and graces and beauty of form and features, were also wonderfully skillful and beautifully practical as house-keepers, and homemakers.

The usual fairs and side shows were more numerous than formerly, and seemed to be liberally patronized. To your correspondent the display of agricultural implements, by the progressive and thoroughly business house of Turner & Griffith Company, was one of the most important and attractive exhibits on the grounds. Our people need to be brought face to face with all the improvements in the agricultural implements of the day. None are too good for the honest sons of toil, and no avoid adverse circumstances, and unfavorable legislation are bravely laboring on striving to make two blades of grass grow where one now grows, and feeding all from President McKinley down to the humble dweller in the land.

All praise to a Fair which brings the farmer and the implements he needs face to face, and all praise to the men who conduct the Fair and make this possible.

Reverting to the woman's department of the Exhibition Hall, it is proper to say that Mrs. R. T. Outhorn secured the largest number of premiums, and has "blue ribbon to burn," while Mrs. H. B. Bagby, following in the footsteps of her mother, secured also a number of premiums. Mrs. Worley Darnam received the premium for the handomest and largest collection of flowers.

The racing in the opinion of many was inferior to that of other years. Many handsome horses were contestants for the prizes, but the contests were not as close or exciting as usual. Louis M. was the favorite among the trotters, and Grand Ma among the racing stock.

The event of Friday was the "Baby Show," which occurred in the Exhibition Hall at 11 o'clock.

Three handsome silver cups had been offered by the management for three distinct grades or classes of children. One cup was to be given to the most attractive child under or about one year of age. Another to the child under or about three years of age and over one year. And still a third to the child over three and under five years, measuring up to the requirements of

beauty, attractiveness, etc.

Every mother, with loving hearts and admiring appreciations, who entered a child, had fixed him or her up in his or her most attractive garb, and was there feeling assured that, if justice was done, her child would surely win. A cup Three ladies of taste and splendid judgment as to what constitute attractiveness, etc., were selected, and with grave faces and serious minds entered upon their arduous work. After much inspection and earnest gazing and careful and conscientious deliberation, the following awards were made:

To the child under one year, the cup was awarded to little Carrie Faulconer, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Faulconer, of this place.

The next cup was given to little Elsie Bagby, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Bagby, while the third cup went to Mary Wright, the attractive daughter of Mrs. M. B. Wright, of Tappahannock.

There was some slight dissatisfaction over the awards, growing out of the fact that all three of the cups went to "Tappahannock children," but as the judges were not of Tappahannock or even of Essex county, it serves only to show that Tappahannock is a place not only of beautiful women, but naturally of attractive and beautiful children as well.

The third day of the fair was not as largely attended as the second, some where between twelve or fifteen hundred persons having attended the last day.

Financially the fair was a success. Extensive repairs and improvements had been made on the buildings and grounds, and considerable expense had incurred. The result of the fair will enable the management to meet all these expenses, pay all premiums and have a balance left over.

The exhibit of stock was disappointingly small, and the management will, it is hoped, see that improvement is made along these lines.

Mr. Phil Taltalfer, of Essex, had on exhibition a herd of Devon cattle, which took the premiums, and were uncommonly beautiful specimens of that fine breed.

Dr. Warner Lewis also exhibited some fine specimens of the Poland-China breed of hogs.

One of the side issues connected with the fair was the entertainment given by the ladies of Centennial Church in the Town Hall on Thursday night. This entertainment was one of the best and most enjoyable your correspondent has attended for a long time. The singing of Miss Macon Sale, of King George, was a feature of special interest and enjoyment, and the acting and recitations by the numerous participants were worthy of all praise. The entertainment was a decided success in every respect, and reflected great credit upon the skill, ability and faithfulness of the ladies who planned and executed it.

**Working Night and Day.**

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globe of health that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fog into mental power. They're wonderfully skillful and beautifully practical as house-keepers, and homemakers.

The first shout of welcome was from the pilots and crew of a pilot boat No. 7, fifteen miles south of the Hook lightship. It happened to be Pilot John Peterson's turn, and at 5:30 A. M., he was put aboard the Olympia and brought her around the Hook and into the lower bay.

The marine observers along the coast had sighted the Olympia in the first light of the morning. The shore batteries of Fort Hancock, manned by gunners, called from breakfast, let one seventeen guns.

The flagship replied with twenty-one and let go her anchors not far from where the cup challenger Shamrock is moored.

**For Over Fifty Years.**

Mrs. Winslow's Scolding Syrup has been used for fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, always all pains, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. I will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Scolding Syrup."

William Flannery Garnett, a popular young man of Richmond city, and conductor of the Richmond Traction line, was accidentally shot Monday afternoon while some hunting on the Mattaponi River, and died Tuesday morning from the effects of the wound. The fatal shot was fired by a cousin, Carroll King in King William. The two left Richmond last Wednesday for a week's hunt, and nothing was heard from young Garnett until a telegram came Tuesday morning telling his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Garrett, of his death. No particulars have been received further than that the two young men were in the marsh hunting when the gun of King was accidentally discharged.



A Line of High Grade Goods never shown here before. ORIENTAL DESIGNS. BEAUTIFUL COLORINGS.

Dress Goods, SILKS, WRAPS.

C. W. JONES,

having taking the lead in Dry Goods retailing, is always FIRST to show the novelties, always buying early, thus securing choice styles. Country Merchants, studying their business interests, realize that they must have choice styles and good quality. Why not see our stock?

**BLACK CREPONS** WRAPS

were good last spring; but a hundred per cent more popular this fall. We're showing a beautiful selection of these deservedly popular fabrics.

**SILKS**

were never better, and the latest can be seen on our counters now. Make selections while you have the full line to select from.

**Colored Dress Goods**

Broadcloths, Venetians, Honeysuckle, Chevrons, Scotch Plaids and Black Fabrics are recognized as the right materials for fall and winter. These we brought early and have the choicest colors, such as Tans, Castors, Greys, Dark Heliotropes, Browns, Blacks and other colors.

**UNDERWEAR**

BOTH LADIES' AND GENTS'. Many of you need these early. We have a full line.

**CORSETS.**

Those of you who are looking for comfort giving Corsets need not sacrifice stylishness. Come to our Corset Counter and be fitted in an American Corset; it will feel as easy as the proverbial old shoe, and at the same time impart a stylish chicness to your form.

**Housekeeping Goods.**

Blankets, Flannels, Sheets and Sheetings, Towels, Table Damasks, Napkins, Pillow Cases and Casing and many others.

Come to town daily or weekly and make our store headquarters; you will be politely received, respectfully waited on and given a hundred cents' worth for every dollar you spend at

C. W. JONES' Cash Store.